



# Dear Mama Project

Ricardo Martínez

Centro Nacional de Microelectrónica – CSIC

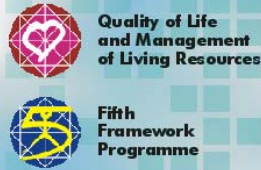
Pisa

Monday, 03 July 2006





Low Dose X-ray Mammography



Detection of Early Markers in Mammography



Development of Low Dose X-ray Mammography System Based on Pixellated CdZnTe Detectors Coupled to Photon Counting Front-end Electronics

European Commission Research Directorate General

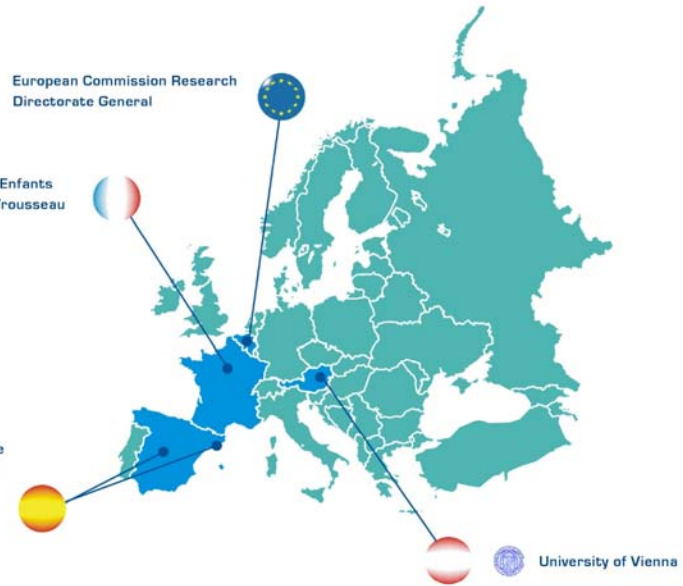
Hôpital d'Enfants Armand Trousseau

IFAE Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE) COORDINATOR

CNM Centro Nacional de Microelectrónica IMB-CNM, CSIC

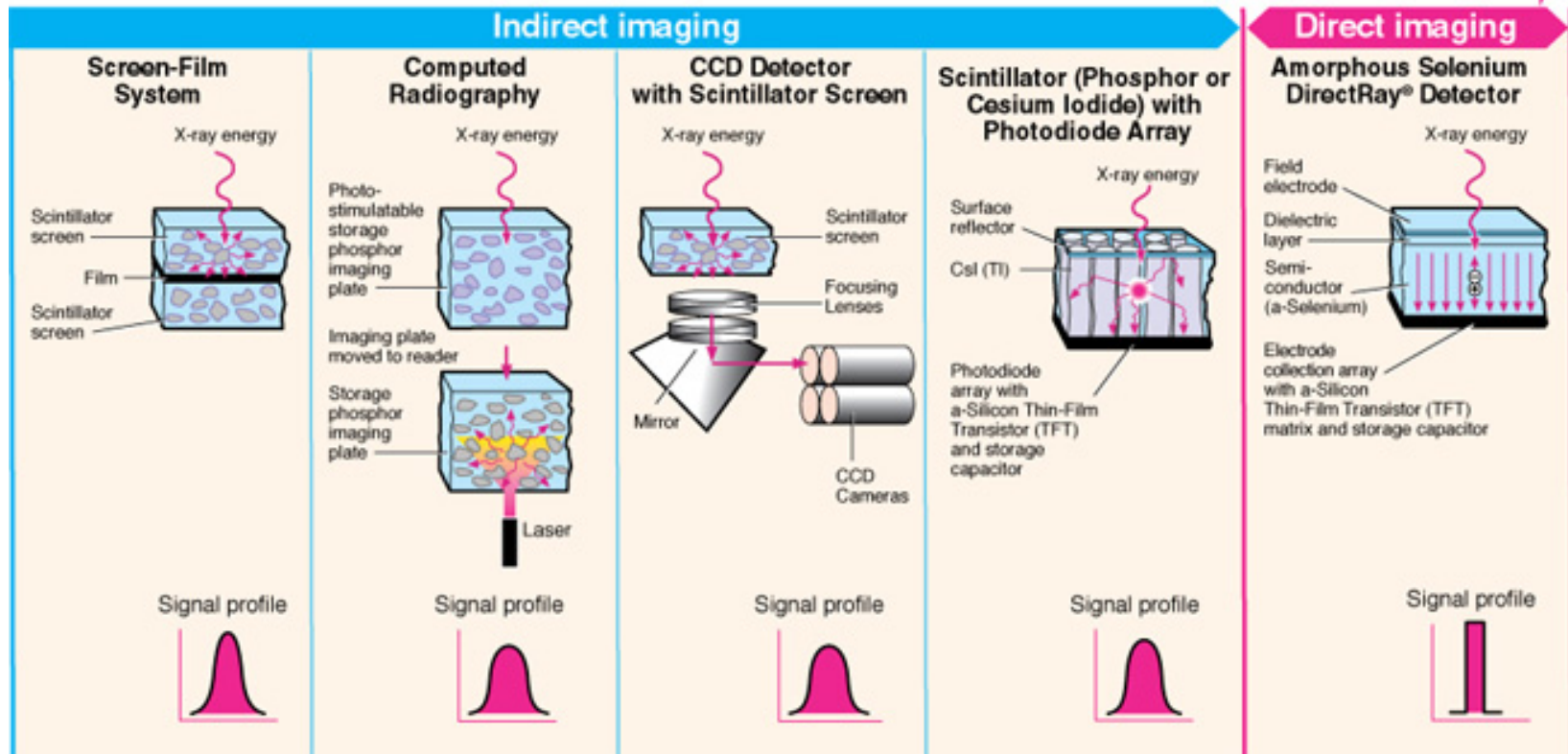
SEDECAL Sociedad Española de Electromedicina y Calidad S.A.

UDIAT-CD S.A. - Corporació Sanitària Parc Taulí



# X-Ray Evolution

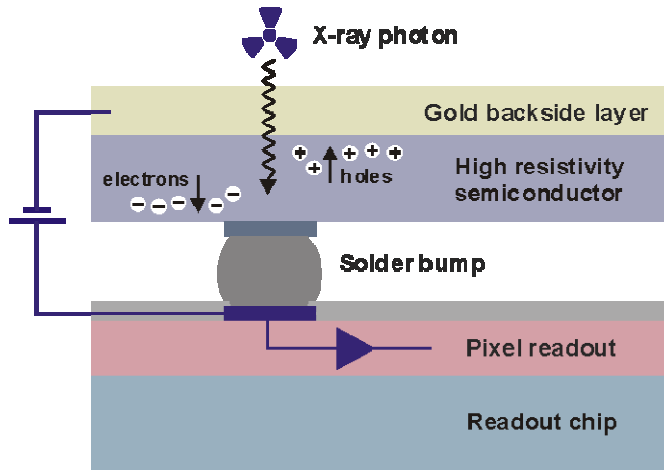
## The Evolution of Digital Radiography Detectors



From [www.hologic.com](http://www.hologic.com)

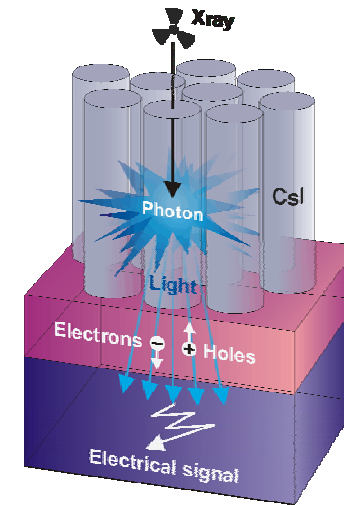


# Direct vs. Indirect X-ray Photon Capture



Direct mode

$\cong 4000e^-$  for 20KeV



Indirect mode

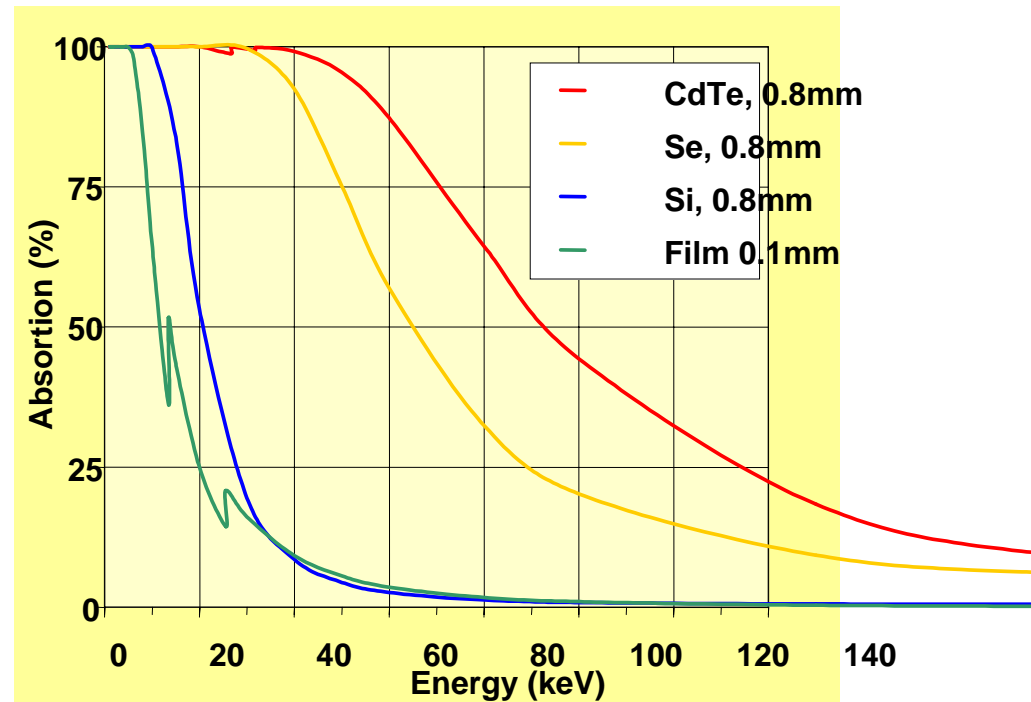
$\cong 100e^-$  for 20KeV

**Signal (direct-mode) >> Signal (indirect-mode)**



# Advantages of CdTe

- CdTe is plainly more efficient in the range of energies for general radiology (40-120 KeV) and mammography (20-40 KeV)

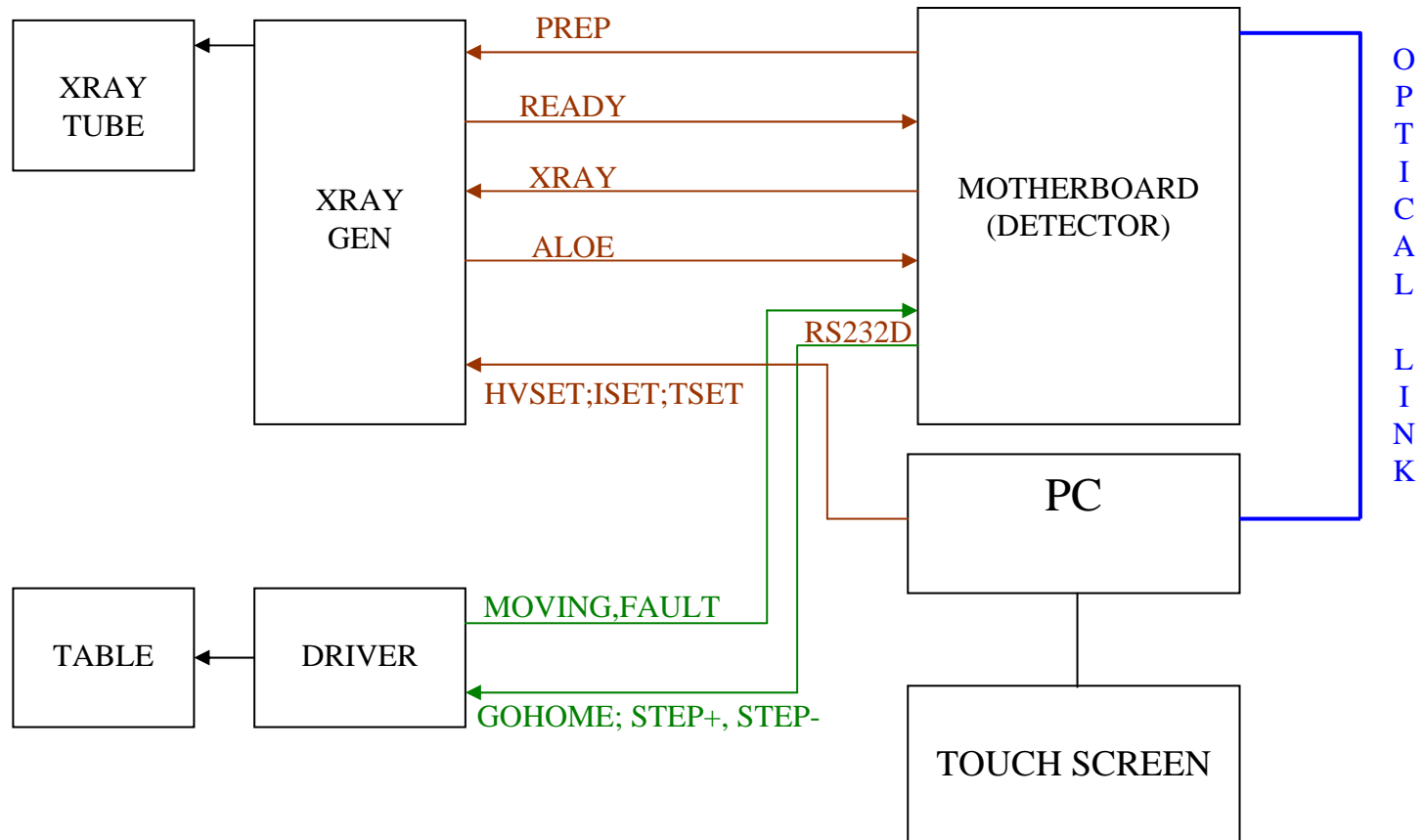


# Dear Mama Project

- Subsystems
  - Detector
  - X-Ray Source
  - Generator
  - Cooling System
  - Scan table



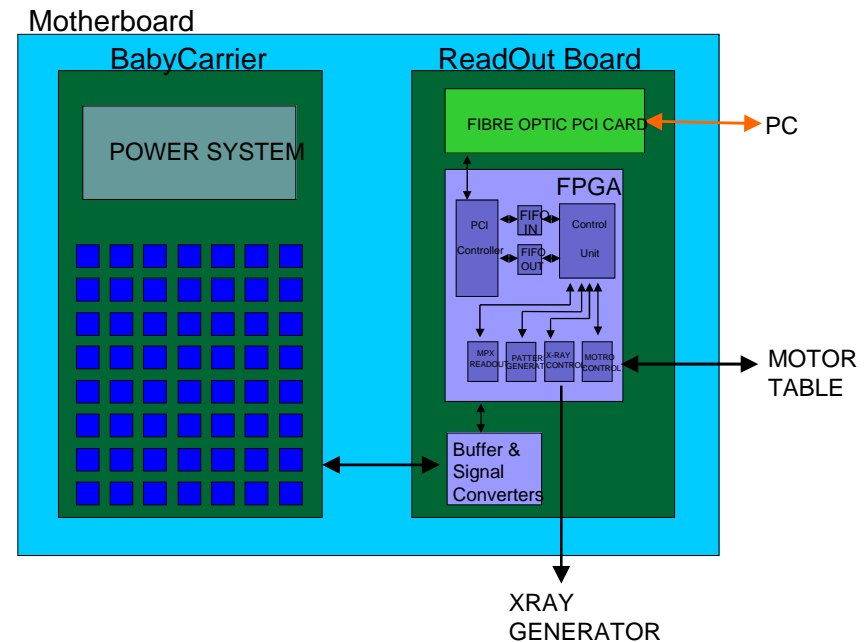
# System Overview



# MOTHERBOARD: Introduction



- PCB designed for controlling and reading 56 MPXII chips.
- Two different parts:
  - MPXII Chip carrier
  - Readout+Control Board
- FPGA based design
  - Reusability of HW blocks
  - PCI Interface
  - MPX Control
  - Sensors
    - Temperature
    - Inclinator
    - DAC,ADC
- Fibre optics communication





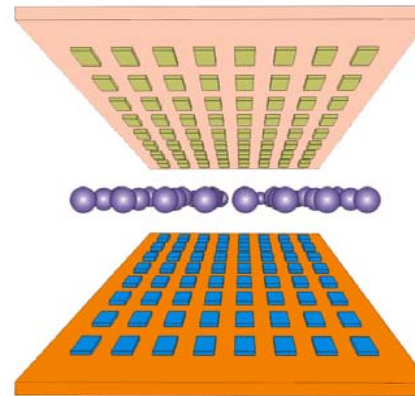
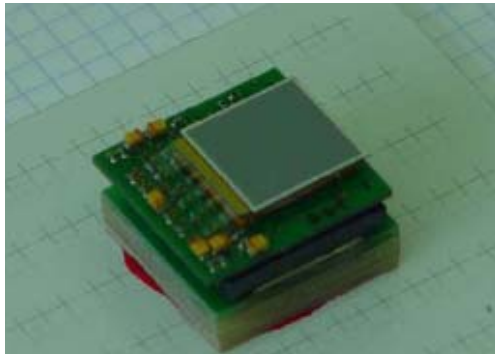
# MOTHERBOARD : Specifications

- ❑ 8x7 MPX Array
- ❑ Mammography effective area = 196x252mm<sup>2</sup>
- ❑ Operation Frequency
  - 66 MHz
- ❑ 2 Gbps Optical link



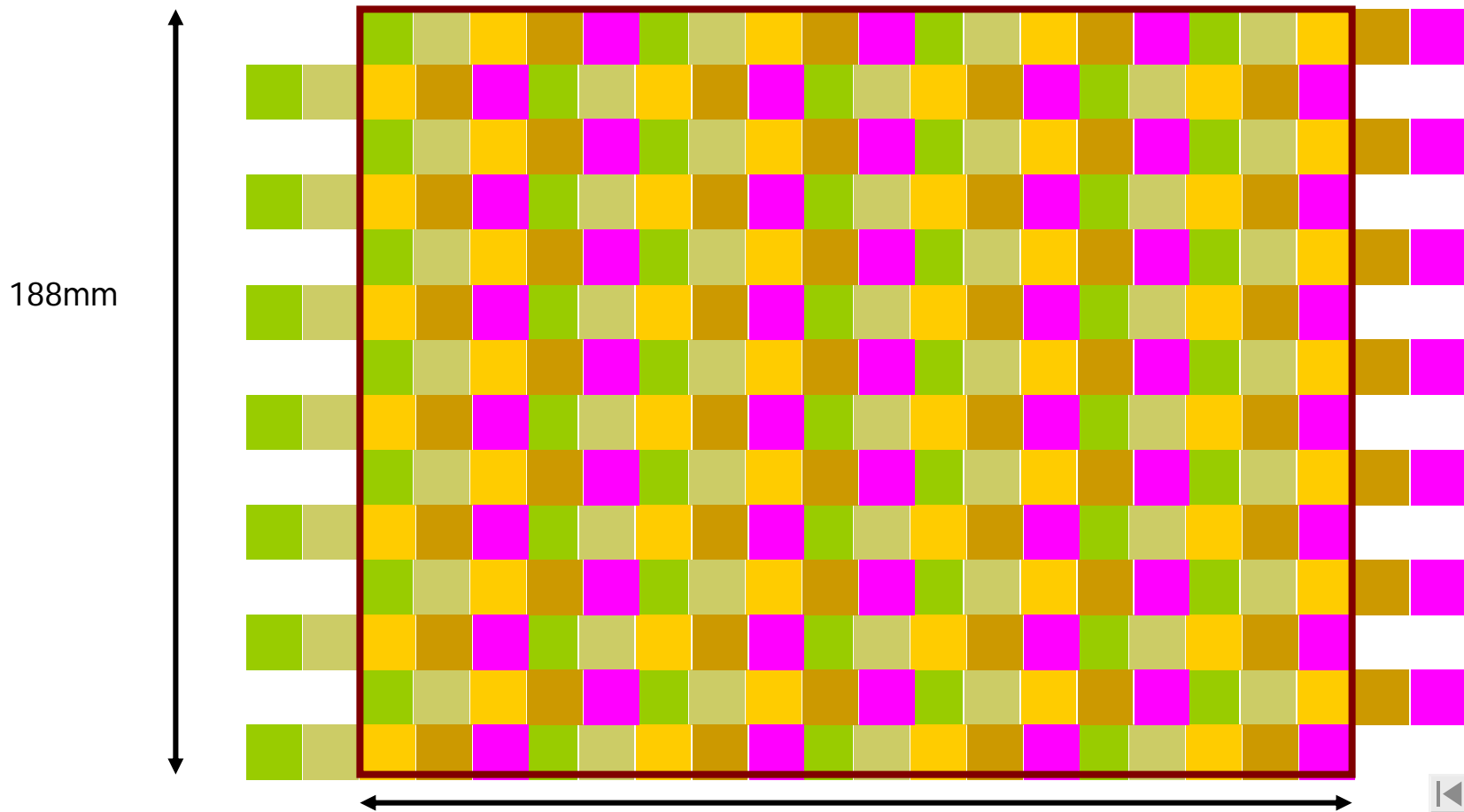
# Dear-Mama Unit Sensor

- Dear-Mama unit sensor is a hybrid of room temperature solid state detector (CdTe or Si) coupled to Medipix2 readout electronics via bump-bonds



# 1-D, 5 Steps and 56 detectors

tion  
ly Markers  
nography  
001-01318



240mm

# Mammography System

- 1<sup>ST</sup> prototype use Silicon detectors (700  $\mu\text{m}$ )
  - Capture time: <3 seg
  - Image processing: 20 seg
  - Pixel pitch: 55  $\mu\text{m}$
  - Active area: 18x24 cm
  - 213 grey level
  - X-Ray Energy Range (20-35 KeV)

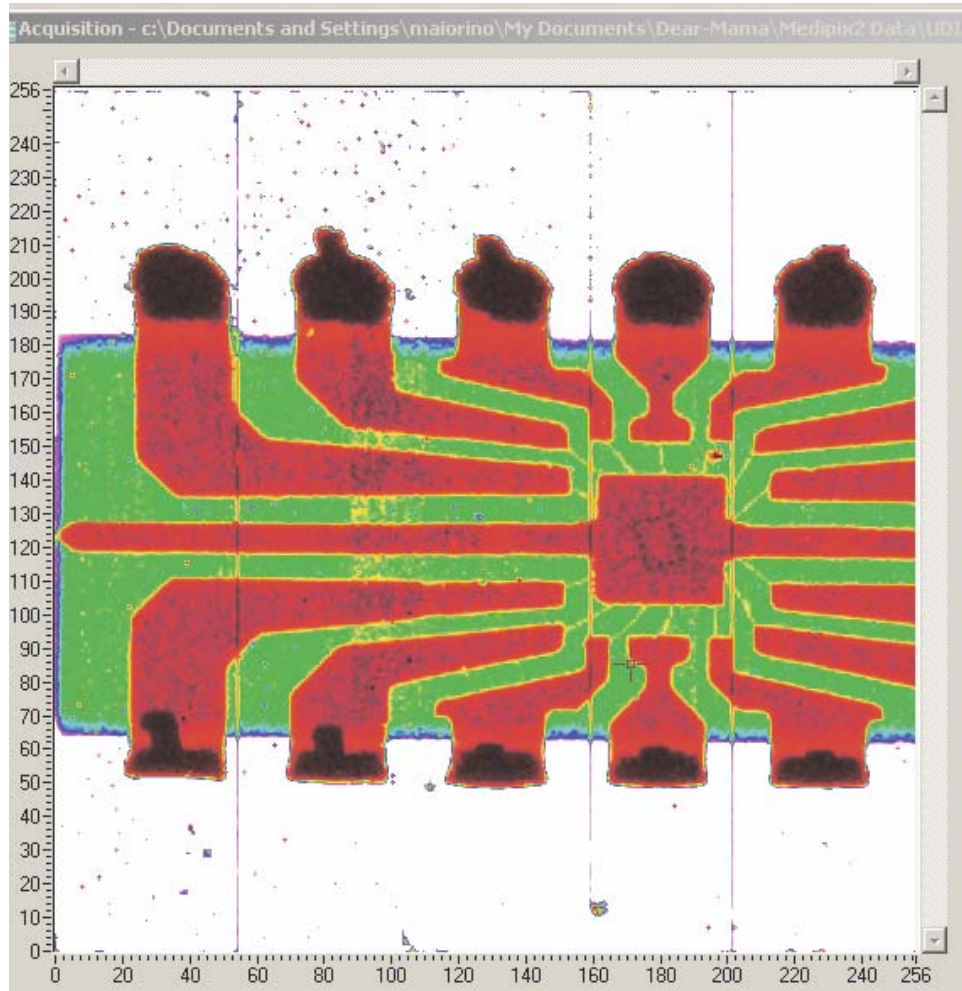


# General Radiology System

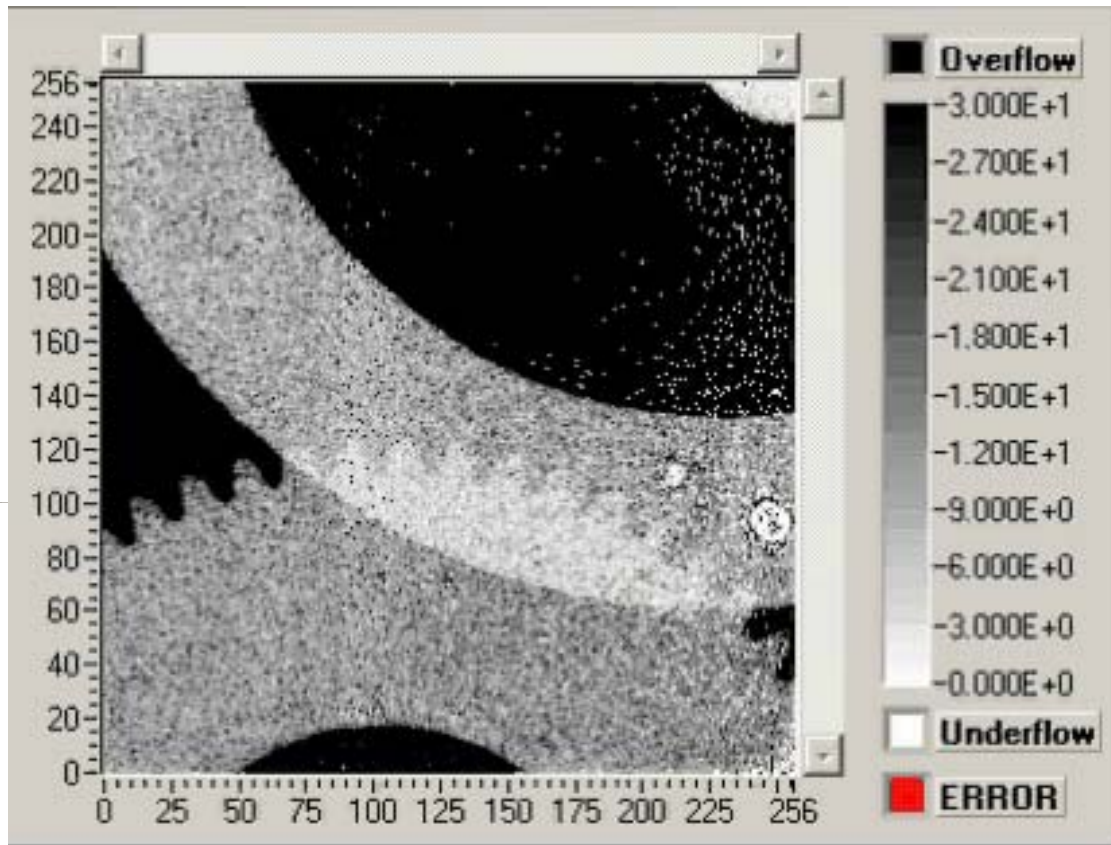
- Based on the mammography system
  - CdTe Sensor (800  $\mu\text{m}$ )
  - 40-120 X-Ray source



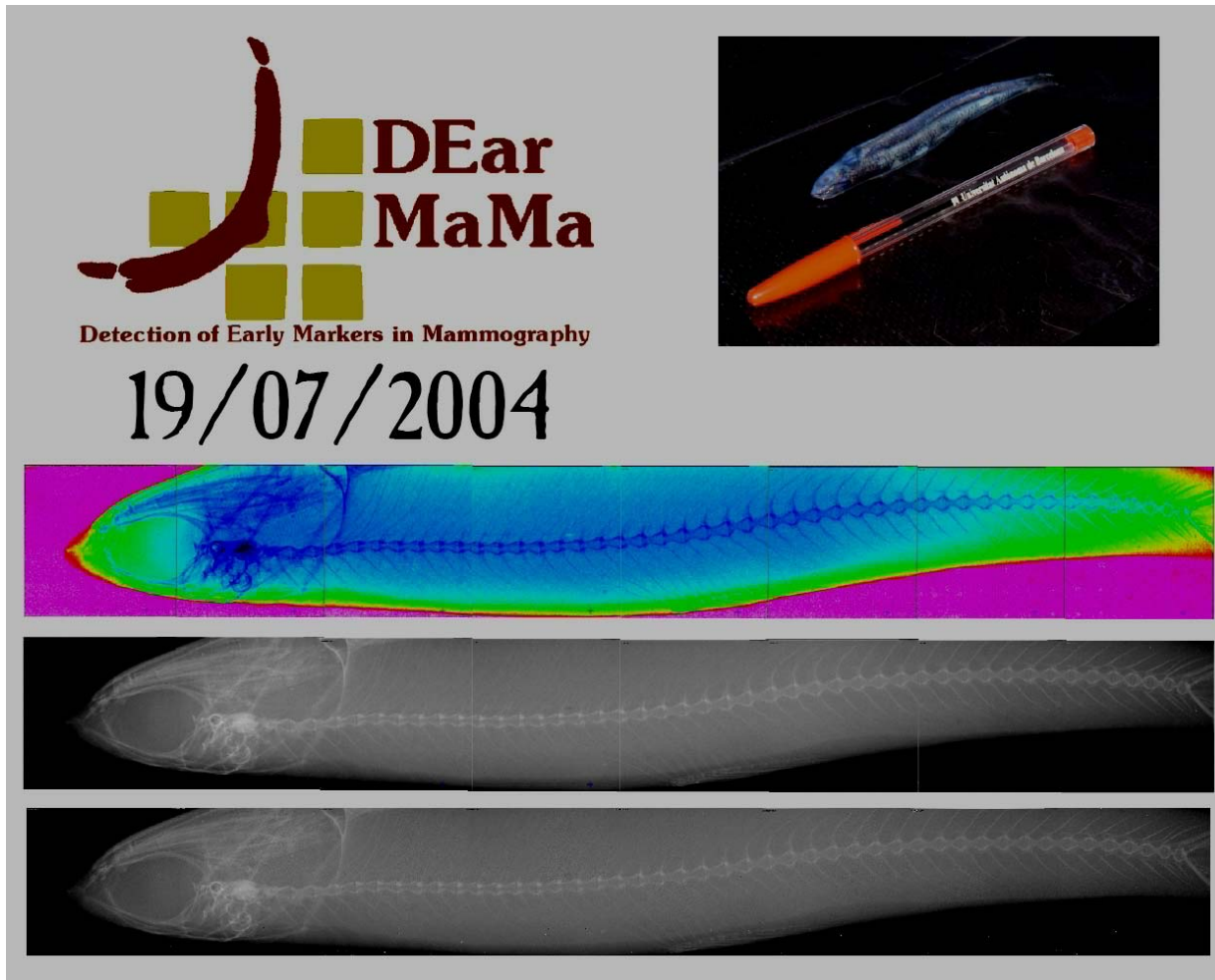
# Image with single CdTe hybrid



# 500 frames/second

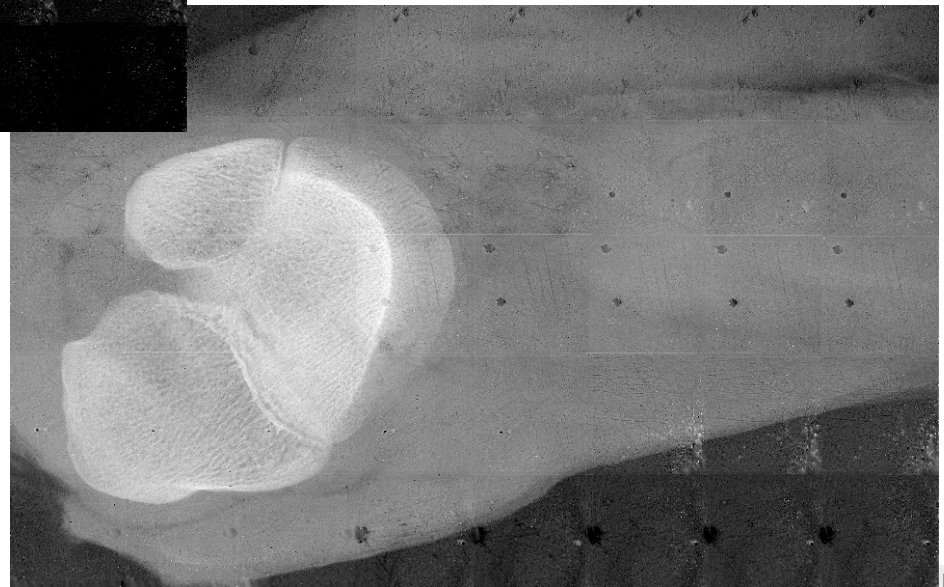
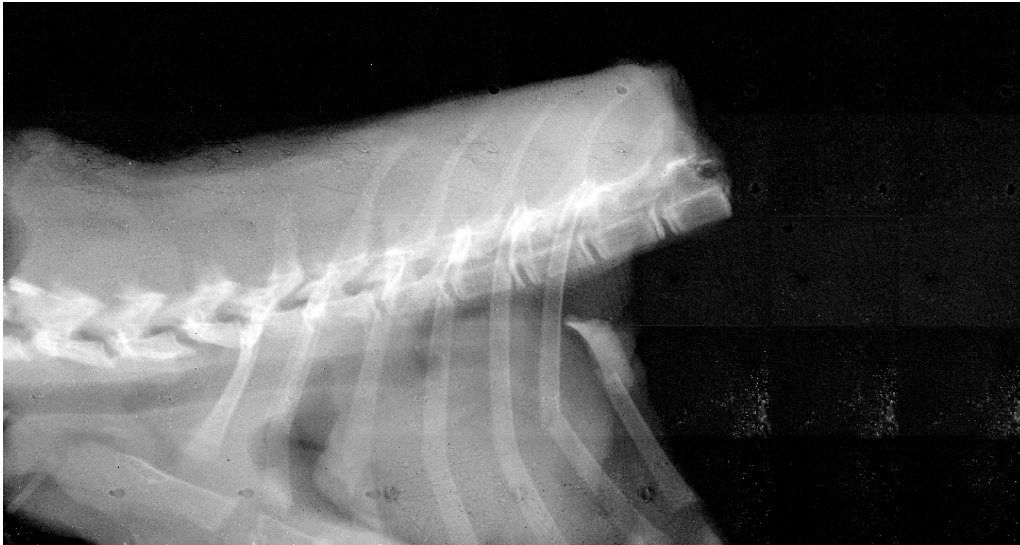


# Linear scan with single Si hybrid





# Linear scan with multi-CdTe hybrids



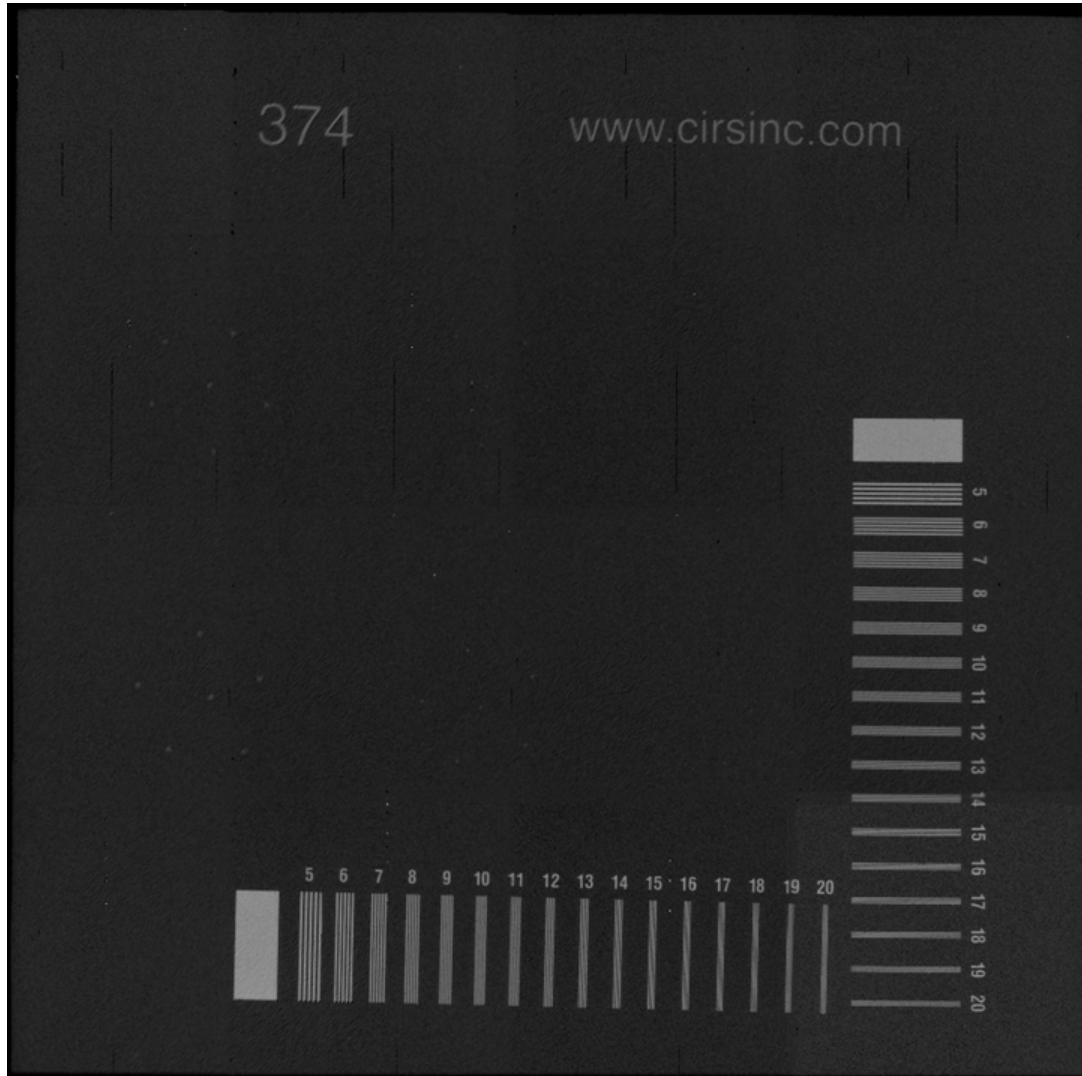
# Linear scan with multi-Si hybrids



# Finger radiography with Si

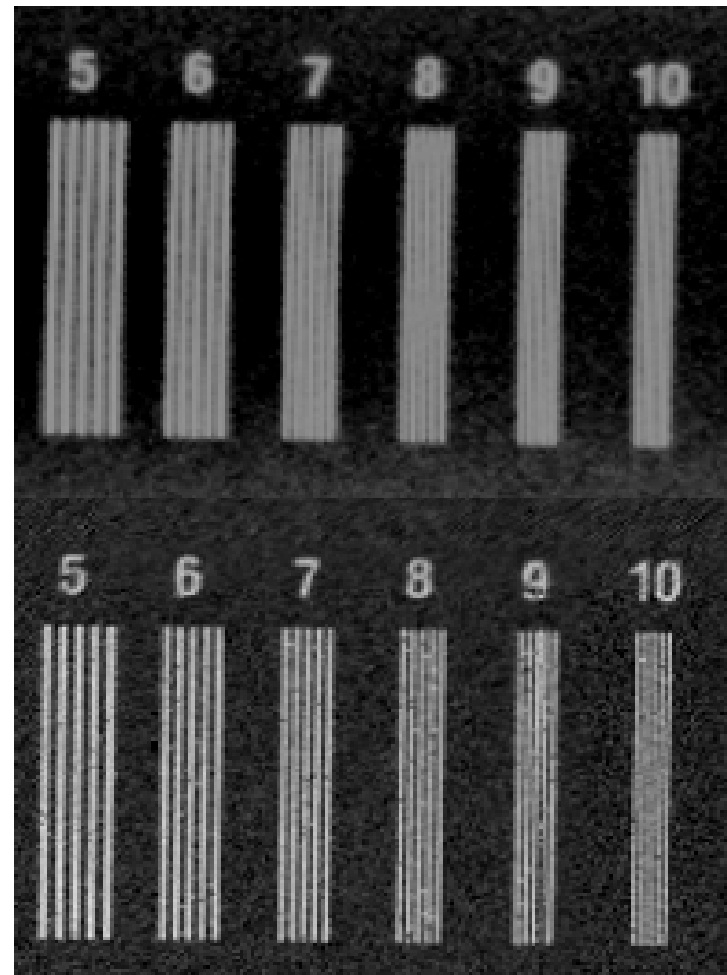


# Phantom Image

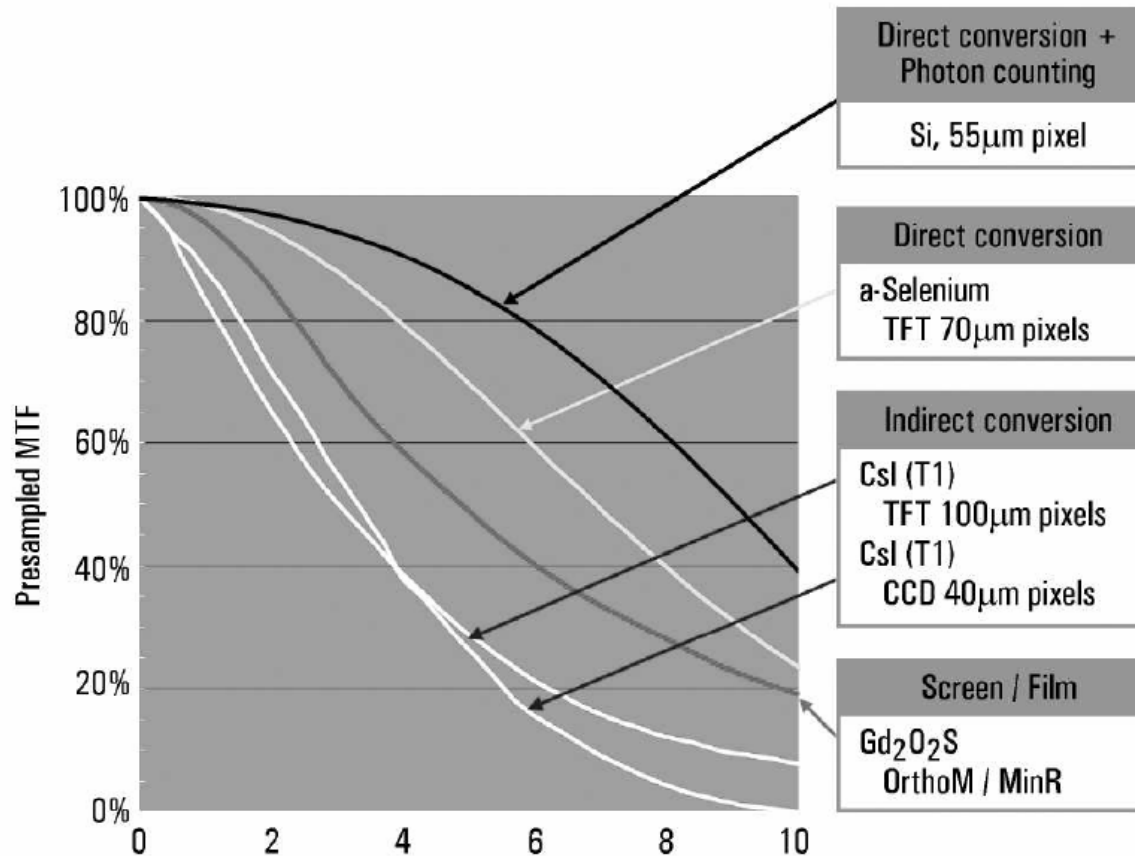


# Image resolution

- Comparison between a-selenium (top) and DM Machine (bottom) phantom images



# MTF Comparison



# Conclusions

- General radiology & mammography prototypes have been presented using CdTe and Silicon sensors
- Some results of the two developed machines have been shown. The comparison with the available commercial equipments is promising
- Nowadays the three hospitals involved in the project are carrying out clinical trials



THANK YOU!!!!